

EIKEN GRADE 1

強化1 長文・ライティング演習

長文空所補充／要約問題／英作文

このプリントの構成	長文空所補充 6問 要約問題 1題 英作文 1題
取り組み方	長文は段落ごとの役割と接続表現を確認し、空所の前後だけでなく本文全体の論理から答えを選びましょう。ライティングは指定語数を守り、解答後に模範解答・評価観点を確認します。

Name _____ Date _____

解答・解説は問題ページの後ろに収録しています。

長文の語句空所補充

6 questions | 本文の論理・語法を踏まえて選びなさい。

長文の語句空所補充

TITLE: Queues and Fairness

First-come, first-served rules can seem neutral because they are simple and visible. They may also reduce favoritism. Yet the ability to wait is not equally available. A person with flexible work, transport, and online access faces a different burden from someone with a disability, caregiving duties, or limited internet access. Public services must decide when order of arrival is relevant and when urgency, need, or barriers should take priority. This does not require replacing every queue with a complex formula; it requires asking who is excluded by an apparently neutral procedure.

(1) Read the passage and choose the best word or phrase for the blank.

A first-come rule may limit discretionary (), even though it creates other inequalities.

1. favoritism
2. access
3. demand
4. scrutiny

(2) Read the passage and choose the best word or phrase for the blank.

The ability to wait in a queue is itself () across people with different work, transport, and childcare constraints.

1. unevenly distributed
2. legally guaranteed
3. randomly assigned
4. socially irrelevant

(3) Read the passage and choose the best word or phrase for the blank.

The proposed test is whether an apparently neutral procedure systematically () a particular group.

1. disadvantages
2. classifies
3. rewards
4. standardizes

長文の語句空所補充

TITLE: Models and Uncertainty

Scientific models simplify complex systems. This is not a defect by itself; simplification allows researchers to identify patterns and test assumptions. Uncertainty is sometimes used as a reason to ignore warnings, but this is mistaken. A model may be uncertain about exact timing while still giving strong evidence that a risk is increasing. Waiting for certainty can itself have consequences if prevention becomes more expensive after a threshold is crossed. Good communication distinguishes what is established, estimated, and unknown, and explains how conclusions could change.

(4) Read the passage and choose the best word or phrase for the blank.

The author treats simplification as an unavoidable act of (), not proof that a model is useless.

1. abstraction
2. advocacy
3. evasion
4. regulation

(5) Read the passage and choose the best word or phrase for the blank.

Uncertainty about timing does not () a well-supported warning that overall risk is rising.

1. vitiate
2. amplify
3. codify
4. circumscribe

(6) Read the passage and choose the best word or phrase for the blank.

The writer calls for communication that is candid about a model's assumptions and ().

1. limitations
2. certainties
3. ornaments
4. equivalences

Writing 1 要約問題

90-110 words | 本文の中心論点・根拠・条件を過不足なくまとめなさい。

Read the article below and summarize it in your own words in English.

Write 90–110 words.

TITLE: Digital Public Records

Public-records laws let citizens examine government decisions and spending. Digital systems can make documents easier to publish and search, lowering the cost of oversight. Yet they also change privacy risks. A record once seen in an archive can now be copied, combined with other data, and distributed instantly. Information that is legally public may reveal sensitive details when linked with other sources.

Withholding broad categories of records can undermine transparency. The challenge is to distinguish real privacy or security concerns from administrative convenience or fear of criticism. Redaction, delayed release, and careful data design can protect some interests, but poorly automated redaction may miss sensitive material or obscure too much to be useful.

The issue is not confined to names and addresses. Detailed transaction histories, location patterns, or small combinations of otherwise ordinary facts can identify people indirectly. Agencies need clear retention rules and staff who understand both legal duties and technical risks. They should also explain how algorithms are used when automated tools decide what can be released, since hidden errors may be difficult for requesters to challenge.

Sound policy balances openness and privacy. Agencies should explain denials, offer appeals, and review rules as technology changes. Trust comes not from releasing everything without thought, but from restrictions that are specific, justified, and independently reviewable.

Courts, journalists, and civil-society groups can play a role in testing whether restrictions are justified. Their review is especially important when a refusal relies on broad claims that cannot be evaluated by a requester. At the same time, people whose information is released need practical ways to report errors and obtain correction when a record creates a misleading or damaging impression.

Writing 1 要約解答欄

90-110 words | 本文を踏まえて、90-110語で要約を書きなさい。

YOUR SUMMARY

Writing 2 英作文

200-240 words | 導入・本論・結論を意識し、3つの理由で論じなさい。

Write an essay on the given TOPIC.

Give THREE reasons to support your answer.
Structure: introduction, main body, and conclusion.
Suggested length: 200–240 words.

TOPIC: Should universities place less emphasis on standardized test scores in admissions?

Position	
Reason 1	
Reason 2	
Reason 3	

Writing 2 英作文 解答欄

200-240 words | 3つの理由をもとに、意見を明確に論じなさい。

YOUR ESSAY

解答・解説

正答だけでなく、文脈上の根拠と語句の意味を確認しましょう。

長文の語句空所補充

番号	正答・解説
1	答え：favoritism simple and visible な順番制が減らせるのは裁量によるえこひいき。
2	答え：unevenly distributed 本文の flexible work などの対比から、待つ能力が不均等に分布している。
3	答え：disadvantages 中立に見える手続きが特定集団を排除しないかを問う段落に対応する。
4	答え：abstraction 複雑な現実から重要な要素を取り出す modeling の性質を abstraction と表す。
5	答え：vitiate vitiate は「（効果・有効性を）損なう、無効にする」。不確実性を警告無視の理由にしてはならない。
6	答え：limitations 本文は不確実性を隠さず明確に伝えることを支持している。

ライティング 模範解答・評価観点

原本の模範解答・評価基準をそのまま掲載しています。

Writing 1 要約問題

課題

Read the article below and summarize it in your own words in English.

Write 90–110 words.

TITLE: Digital Public Records

模範解答

Digital public records can strengthen oversight by making government documents easier to search and distribute, but they also create new privacy risks. Information once difficult to access can be copied, linked, and used to identify people indirectly. Broad secrecy would weaken transparency, so agencies must distinguish genuine privacy and security concerns from convenience or fear of criticism. Redaction, delayed release, and careful data design can help, though automated systems may either miss sensitive material or hide too much. Clear explanations for denials, appeals, correction procedures, and independent review of restrictions can balance openness with privacy as technology changes.

評価観点 内容／構成／語彙／文法（各0–4点）

Writing 2 英作文

課題

Write an essay on the given TOPIC.

Give THREE reasons to support your answer.

Structure: introduction, main body, and conclusion.

Suggested length: 200–240 words.

TOPIC: Should universities place less emphasis on standardized test scores in admissions?

評価観点 内容／構成／語彙／文法（各0–4点）